

## The Road to Rio











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human features	A manmade feature of the environment e.g. cities, roads, buildings	
physical features	A natural feature of the environment e.g. mountains, rivers	
rural	Areas which are less populated and away from the city e.g. the in countryside	
urban	Areas which are densely populated and crowded with buildings and people e.g. cities	\
migration	the movement of people from one from place to another as a result of push and pull factors	
population	The number of people living in an area. This can be spread unevenly across a country.	
favelas	Overcrowded slums on the outskirts of the country's cities, especially Rio de Janeiro and Sao Paulo	
culture	The way of life shared by a group of people. This can include their beliefs, attitudes and traditions.	
	When an area is used for a specific purpose, e.g. for agriculture, transport, residential living or recreation (entertainment).	

## **Key Facts**

**Continent:** South America

Capital: Brasilia

Largest City: Sao Paulo

Official language: Portuguese

Climate: Tropical

Famous landmarks: Christ the Redeemer. Sugarloaf Mountain, Iguazu Falls, Amazon Rainforest

Fun Fact: Most people in Brazil live in the South-East region, which is a key hub for industries and trade. This includes Rio de Janerio, a 'city of two halves' for the rich and poor citizens.

Did you know? Brazil is the largest country in South America!

